### Features & Benefits

#### Highest performance

- Starts up from a temperature difference as low as 0.5°C
- Operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C, satisfying common industrial and commercial operating requirements

#### Highly integrated thermal energy harvesting modules

- Combines high performance TEG with world's most efficient energy harvesting boost converter
- Perfect electrical impedance matching

#### Easy to use

- Select the appropriate thermal impedance for application
- Add heat sink and mount to heat source

#### **Applications**



Wearables



Industrial Process Monitoring



Waste Heat Harvesting

### Description

MATRIX Prometheus is a family of energy harvesting modules designed for converting thermal energy between small temperature gradients into useful electrical output. Each Prometheus module integrates a MATRIX Gemini Thermoelectric Generator (TEG) with a MATRIX Mercury Energy Harvesting Boost Converter. These patented technologies ensure perfect electrical impedance matching between the TEG and its companion Boost Converter.

Depending on the application, there are multiple thermal impedance options between 2K/W and 37K/W that may be selected. Optimally matched heat sinks are available for each of these options.

There are many maximum output voltages between 2V and 5V available, allowing the module to directly power integrated circuits, or charge various battery chemistries without needing additional charger circuitry. Integrated Vout regulation prevents voltage overshoot, securing reliable operation with various battery types.

Prometheus is available as 4-pin modules with 18mm  $\times$  30mm  $\times$  5.1mm and 34mm  $\times$  46mm  $\times$  5.1mm form factors. Custom form factors are also available by request.

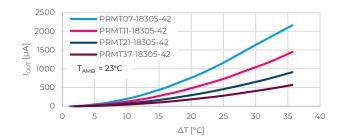


Figure 1. Prometheus (standard variants) output current l<sub>OUT</sub> vs temperature difference ΔT between hot side and ambient. Assuming ideally matched heat sinks, ambient temperature of 23°C, and output voltage of 4.2V.

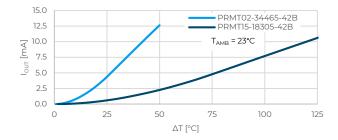


Figure 2. Prometheus (high power variants) output current I<sub>OUT</sub> vs temperature difference ΔT between hot side and ambient. Assuming ideally matched heat sinks, ambient temperature of 23°C, and output voltage of 4.2V.



# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Cold side operating temperature range	-40	85	°C
Hot side operating temperature limit		150	°C
Storage temperature range	-55	120	°C
Compression	0	150	MPa
VOUT voltage to GND	-0.5	7	V
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) for Human Body Model (HBM) according to ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2014	-2	2	kV

# Package and Pinout

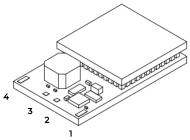


Figure 3. Pinouts for PRMT\*\*-18305-\*\*\*

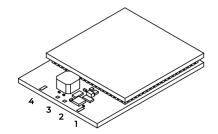


Figure 4. Pinouts for PRMT\*\*-34465-\*\*\*

# Pin Description

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description
VOUT	1	Output voltage
DATA	2	ADC Data output
REF	3	ADC Reference clock
GND	4	Ground connection

# Ordering Information

Prometheus modules are offered with the following customizable product parameters:

①②: Thermal resistance (1/K<sub>TEG</sub>): K/W

34567: Dimension code

89: Maximum output voltage V<sub>OUT,MAX</sub>: V

Part Number	Notes
PRMT12-34567-89	Standard
PRMT12-34567-89A	Extended Range
PRMT12-34567-89B	High Power

Standard and Extended Range variants available:

Part Number	1/K <sub>TEG</sub>	Dimension	Vout,max
PRMT07-18305-**(A)	7K/W	18×30×5.1mm <sup>3</sup>	2.0-5.0V
PRMT11-18305-**(A)	11K/W	18×30×5.1mm <sup>3</sup>	2.0-5.0V
PRMT21-18305-**(A)	21K/W	18×30×5.1mm <sup>3</sup>	2.0-5.0V
PRMT37-18305-**(A)	37K/W	18×30×5.1mm <sup>3</sup>	2.0-5.0V

High Power variants available:

Part Number	1/K <sub>TEG</sub>	Dimension	Vout,max
PRMT15-18305-**B	15K/W	18×30×5.1mm³	2.0-5.0V
PRMT02-34465-**B	2K/W	34×46×5.1mm <sup>3</sup>	2.0-5.0V

Custom shapes and sizes available upon request.

### MORE INFORMATION



# Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics of Prometheus at ideal thermal impedance match to cold side heat sink. Temperature difference  $\Delta T$  measured between heat source and ambient.

GND = 0V; T<sub>AMB</sub> = 23°C; unless otherwise specified.

Cimobol	Davasatas	Conditions	Min	Ti m	Max	l lesia
Symbol Temperature	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$\Delta T_{MAX}$	Source-ambient temperature difference [1] [3]	PRMT07-18305-**			35.7	°C
	•	PRMT11-18305-**			35.7	°C
		PRMT21-18305-**			35.7	°C
		PRMT37-18305-**			35.7	°C
		PRMT07-18305-**A			127.0	°C
		PRMT11-18305-**A			127.0	°C
		PRMT21-18305-**A			127.0	°C
		PRMT37-18305-**A			127.0	°C
		PRMT15-18305-46/50B			71.1	°C
		PRMT15-18305-**B (others)			127.0	°C
		PRMT02-34465-46/50B			24.9	°C
		PRMT02-34465-**B (others)			50.0	°C
T <sub>SRC</sub>	Source temperature at $T_{AMB}$ = 23°C [2] [3]	PRMT07-18305-**			58.7	°C
	·	PRMT11-18305-**			58.7	°C
		PRMT21-18305-**			58.7	°C
		PRMT37-18305-**			58.7	°C
		PRMT07-18305-**A			150.0	°C
		PRMT11-18305-**A			150.0	°C
		PRMT21-18305-**A			150.0	°C
		PRMT37-18305-**A			150.0	°C
		PRMT15-18305-46/50B			94.1	°C
		PRMT15-18305-**B (others)			150.0	°C
		PRMT02-34465-46/50B			47.9	°C
		PRMT02-34465-**B (others)			73.0	°C



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage						
V <sub>OUT,MAX</sub>	maximum V <sub>OUT</sub> voltage for charging [4]	PRMT**-****-20*	1.98	2.0	2.02	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ °C to +85°C	1.97	2.0	2.03	V
		PRMT**-****-22*	2.18	2.2	2.22	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	2.17	2.2	2.23	V
		PRMT**-****-25*	2.48	2.5	2.52	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	2.47	2.5	2.53	V
		PRMT**-****-30*	2.975	3.0	3.025	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	2.96	3.0	3.04	V
		PRMT**-****-33*	3.275	3.3	3.325	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ °C to +85°C	3.26	3.3	3.34	V
		PRMT**-****-36*	3.57	3.6	3.63	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	3.55	3.6	3.65	V
		PRMT**-****-38*	3.77	3.8	3.83	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	3.75	3.8	3.85	V
		PRMT**-****-42*	4.17	4.2	4.23	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	4.15	4.2	4.25	V
		PRMT**-****-46*	4.56	4.6	4.64	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	4.54	4.6	4.66	V
		PRMT**-****-50*	4.96	5.0	5.04	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	4.94	5.0	5.06	V
$V_{OUT}$	V <sub>OUT</sub> , operation range	$T_{AMB} = -40$ °C to +85°C	0		5.5	V
Leakage current						
I <sub>LEAK</sub>	leakage current	$V_{OUT} = 5V$ ; $V_{OC} = 0V$		5	50	nA
		$T_{AMB} = +85^{\circ}C$		20	200	nA
8-bit ADC						
t <sub>LOW</sub>	low time of an output pulse			10		ns
t <sub>REF</sub>	period between two reference pulses			51.2		ms
t <sub>DATA</sub>	period between two data pulses			200		μs

<sup>[1]</sup> When  $\Delta T_{MAX}$  is exceeded, the boost converter is stopped to protect the module electronics from excessive power. The module tolerates higher temperature differentials within the source-ambient temperature difference range.

<sup>[2]</sup> Assumes ideal thermal impedance match of Prometheus to the cold side heat sink exposed to ambient T<sub>AMB</sub> = 23°C. When T<sub>SRC</sub> is exceeded, the output is disconnected to avoid over voltage on VOUT pin. An oversized heat sink will lower T<sub>SRCr.</sub> while an undersized heat sink will increase T<sub>SRC</sub>. The module tolerates higher not side temperatures within

the operating temperature range.

[3] Never exceed the hot side operating temperature limit of 150°C and the cold side operating temperature limit of 85°C. Mechanical failure of the part may occur above a hot side temperature of 232°C or a cold side temperature above 138°C.

[4] The V<sub>OUT</sub> voltage is supervised by a comparator and charging of the output is stopped when V<sub>OUT,MAX</sub> is reached. The VOUT pin tolerates a higher voltage up to 5.5V.



# Typical Performance Characteristics

Performance of Prometheus at ideal thermal impedance match to cold side heat sink. Temperature difference  $\Delta T$  measured between hot side and ambient.  $T_{AMB} = 23^{\circ}C$ ; unless otherwise specified.

#### Standard variants

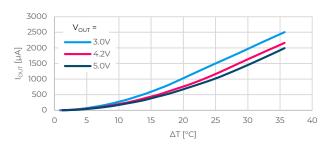


Figure 4. Output current for PRMT07-18305-\*\* with 1/K<sub>TEC</sub>=7K/W

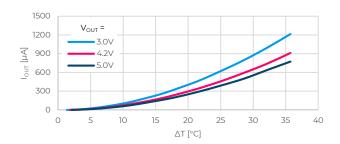


Figure 6. Output current for PRMT21-18305-\*\* with 1/K<sub>TEG</sub>=21K/W

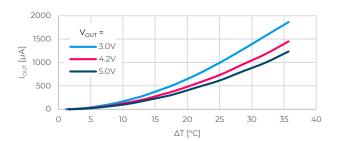


Figure 5. Output current for PRMT11-18305-\*\* with 1/KTEG=11K/W

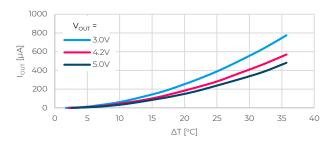


Figure 7. Output current for PRMT37-18305-\*\* with 1/K<sub>TEG</sub>=37K/W

#### **Extended Range variants**

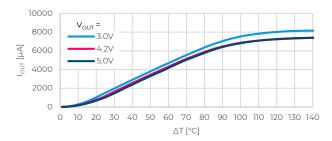


Figure 8. Output current for PRMT07-18305-\*\*A with 1/K<sub>TEG</sub>=7K/W

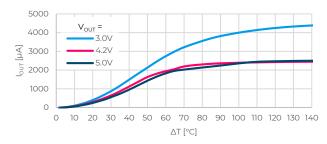


Figure 10. Output current for PRMT21-18305-\*\*A with 1/KTEG=21K/W

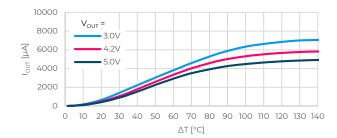


Figure 9. Output current for PRMT11-18305-\*\*A with 1/K<sub>TEG</sub>=11K/W

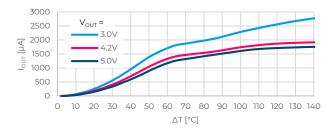


Figure 11. Output current for PRMT37-18305-\*\*A with 1/KTEG=37K/W

#### **High Power variants**

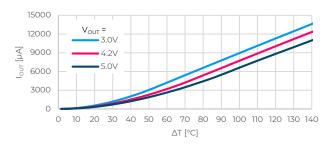


Figure 12. Output current for PRMT15-18305-\*\*B with 1/KTEG=15K/W

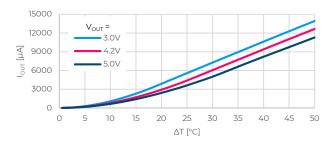


Figure 13. Output current for PRMT02-34465-\*\*B with 1/KTEG=2K/W

### **Applications Information**

### Introduction

Prometheus is a next-generation thermal energy harvesting module to convert the thermal energy from small temperature differentials into electrical energy. Multiple output voltage level options are available to power sensors, microprocessors, and wireless transmitters, or to directly charge batteries or supercapacitors without the need for additional circuitry. Prometheus harvests energy over an extended period of time to enable short high power bursts for data acquisition, processing, and transmission, whilst minimizing losses from self-consumption and leakage. The bursts must occur at a sufficiently low duty cycle such that the total energy output during the burst does not exceed the total energy input over the accumulation duration between bursts. For many applications, this duration could range from seconds, to minutes, to hours, or more.

			DUTY	CYCLE	
		0.001%	0.01%	0.1%	1%
	0.1mA	0.001µA	0.01μΑ	0.1μΑ	lμA
PEAK	1mA	0.01µA	0.1μΑ	lμA	10µA
CURRENT	10mA	0.1μΑ	lμA	10μΑ	100μΑ
	100mA	lμA	10µA	100μΑ	1000μΑ

#### **Heat Sources**

Prometheus is optimized for harvesting energy from small temperature differentials. Suitable heat sources include body heat, waste heat from industrial processes, dissipated heat from equipment, or ambient thermal gradients.

There is a minimum temperature difference across the TEG required for Prometheus to start output regulation. The cold-start temperature difference  $\Delta T_{CS}$  is a function of the module choice, which also determines the cold-start heat flow  $Q_{CS}$  required. After start-up, Prometheus can operate at even lower temperature differentials depending on  $V_{OUT}$  - see TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS.

Part Number	1/K <sub>TEG</sub>	$\Delta T_{CS}$	Qcs	
PRMT07-18305-***	7K/W	0.5°C	72mW	
PRMT11-18305-***	11K/W	0.8°C	72mW	
PRMT21-18305-***	21K/W	0.9°C	40mW	
PRMT37-18305-***	37K/W	1.0°C	26mW	
PRMT15-18305-**B	15K/W	1.6°C	108mW	
PRMT02-34465-**B	2K/W	0.6°C	281mW	



# Thermal Impedance Matching

Prometheus integrates a thermoelectric generator (TEG) with an electrically matched boost converter circuit, and is designed to be attached between a heat source and a heat sink. The TEG converts thermal energy to electrical energy, whilst the boost converter multiplies the TEG's small output voltages to useful levels. Efficient harvesting requires simultaneously maximizing thermal power transfer into the TEG and electrical power transfer out of the TEG. This means that both thermal and electrical systems must be impedance matched. In Prometheus, the electrical impedance matching condition is met by design, so only thermal impedance matching needs to be considered. When Prometheus is attached to a heat source at a fixed temperature  $T_{SRC}$ , the temperature drop across the TEG of thermal conductance  $K_{TEG}$  and the heat sink with thermal conductance  $K_{HS}$  is:  $\Delta T_{TEG} = (T_{SRC} - T_{AMB}) \times 1/K_{TEG} / (1/K_{TEG} + 1/K_{HS})$ 

In practice, most heat sources are not ideal sources, but this is a good approximation when the amount of heat withdrawn via the TEG is much smaller than the heat generated by the heat source. At maximal thermal power transfer, the temperature difference  $\Delta T_{TEG}$  across the TEG becomes exactly ( $T_{SRC}$  - $T_{AMB}$ )/2. This is met by choosing the heat sink so that:

 $1/K_{HS} = 1/K_{TEG}$ 

See HEAT SINK SELECTION for suggested heat sinks for each Prometheus module.

### Heat Sink Selection

Under natural convection conditions, the following heat sinks are recommended.  $T_{\text{AMB}}$  = 23°C; unless otherwise specified.

Module	Vendor	Part number	Orientation	1/K <sub>TEG</sub>	Size (mm)
PRMT07-18305-***	Alpha Novatech	N30-25B	Horizontal	9.5K/W	30.0×30.0×25.0
		N35-25B	Horizontal	8.3K/W	35.0×35.0×25.0
		N40-25B	Horizontal	6.6K/W	40.0×40.0×25.0
PRMT11-18305-***	Alpha Novatech	LPD30-15B	Vertical	13.0K/W	30.0×30.0×15.0
		N35-10B	Horizontal	12.2K/W	35.0×35.0×10.0
		N40-10B	Horizontal	10.2K/W	40.0×40.0×10.0
PRMT21-18305-***	Alpha Novatech	LPD30-3B	Vertical	19.3K/W	30.0×30.0×3.0
		ST30-4B	Horizontal	$21K/W^{\dagger}$	30.0×30.0×4.0
PRMT37-18305-***	N/A	Flat plate	Horizontal	$37K/W^{\dagger}$	70.0×70.0×2.5
		Flat plate	Vertical	$37K/W^{\dagger}$	60.0×60.0×2.5
PRMT15-18305-**B	Alpha Novatech	LPD30-10B	Vertical	15.0K/W	30.0×30.0×10.0
		N30-10B	Horizontal	14.0K/W	30.0×30.0×10.0
		N35-10B	Horizontal	12.2K/W	35.0×35.0×10.0
PRMT02-34465-**B	Alpha Novatech	N60-40B	Horizontal	2.7K/W	60.0×60.0×40.0
			-	Estimated	thermal resistance

Under low air velocity conditions, the following heat sinks are recommended.  $T_{AMB} = 23$ °C; unless otherwise specified.

Module	Vendor	Part number	Velocity	1/K <sub>TEG</sub>	Size (mm)
PRMT07-18305-***	Alpha Novatech	N30-10B	0.5m/s	7.7K/W	30.0×30.0×10.0
		ST30-7B	0.5m/s	7.5K/W	30.0×30.0×7.0
PRMT11-18305-***	Alpha Novatech	LPD30-3B	0.5m/s	14.9K/W	30.0×30.0×4.0
		ST30-4B	0.5m/s	11.6K/W	30.0×30.0×4.0
PRMT21-18305-***	N/A	Flat plate	0.5m/s	21K/W <sup>†</sup>	60.0×60.0×2.5
PRMT37-18305-***	N/A	Flat plate	0.5m/s	37K/W <sup>†</sup>	40.0×40.0×2.5
PRMT15-18305-**B	Alpha Novatech	LPD30-3B	0.5m/s	14.3K/W	30.0×30.0×3.0
PRMT02-34465-**B	Alpha Novatech	N60-20B	0.5m/s	1.8K/W †Estimated	60.0×60.0×20.0 thermal resistance



### **ADC Outputs**

Prometheus includes an onboard ADC that can be used to report the TEG power generation to an external microcontroller. The two ADC Outputs REF and DATA are open drain, active low outputs and intended to be connected to GPIOs of a microcontroller. If the microprocessor includes internal pull-up resistors on the GPIOs, they can be used to define the high level of the two signals. Alternatively, external resistors may be used and a value of  $47k\Omega$  is recommended. If the ADC outputs are not used they can be connected to GND or left unconnected.

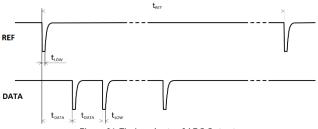


Figure 14. Timing charts of ADC Outputs

The serial transmission protocol is illustrated above. A pulse on REF signals the start of the data transmission in each reference period  $t_{REF}$ , during which a train of pulses is transmitted on DATA. The open-circuit voltage  $V_{OC}$  measured by the ADC is:

 $V_{OC} = n \times V_{LSB}$ 

 $V_{OC}$  is the product of the number of DATA pulses received n, and the ADC lowest significant bit (LSB) size  $V_{LSB}$ . For example, 20 pulses with  $V_{LSB}$  = 2mV means  $V_{OC}$  = 40mV. If there is insufficient input power to charge the output, Prometheus sends two low pulses on REF before powering down.

Part Number	V <sub>LSB</sub>
PRMT07-18305-***	2mV
PRMT11-18305-***	2mV
PRMT21-18305-***	2mV
PRMT37-18305-***	2mV
PRMT15-18305-**B	4mV
PRMT02-34465-**B	4mV

For Extended Range (-\*\*A) and High Power (-\*\*B) variants,  $V_{\infty}$  is not a linear function of  $V_{LSB}$ .

### **Assembly Notes**

In most applications, thermal energy will be harvested from a surface that is hotter than ambient. When used for this purpose, Prometheus should be assembled with its cold side (larger face) attached to the ambient heat sink, and its hot side (smaller face) attached to the heat source.

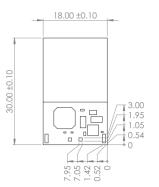
A thin layer of thermal interface material (TIM) should be applied to the clean mating surfaces before attachment. Suitable TIMs include thermal conductive grease, epoxy, foil or other fillers. These can achieve good thermal contact as long as the TIM thickness is thin and no debris is present at the interface. Consult the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions for application of these TIM materials.

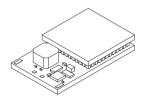
The module should be mounted to the heat source and heat sink under compression. Screws, springs and clamps can be used to apply adequate compressive force to maintain good thermal contact between the mating surfaces. Again, consult the TIM manufacturer's instructions for best results. At no point must tensile force be applied to the opposing faces of the module, as it may separate under tension.



# Module Dimensions

### PRMT\*\*-18305-\*\*\*





**TOP VIEW** 

.5.10 ±0.10

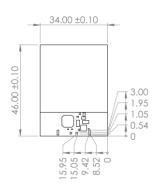
ISOMETRIC VIEW

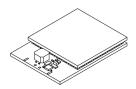


FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

### PRMT\*\*-34465-\*\*\*





**TOP VIEW** 



ISOMETRIC VIEW



FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW



### **RoHS Declaration**

 $MATRIX\ Industries,\ Inc.,\ certifies\ that,\ unless\ explicitly\ exempt,\ assemblies\ or\ products\ supplied\ by\ MATRIX\ or\ its\ partners\ are\ in\ partners\ are\ partners\ partners\ are\ partners\ partne$ compliance with and conform to the European Union's Restriction of Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) Directive 2002/95/EC and 2011/65/EU (RoHS2). Said products have no intentional addition of:

- Lead (Pb)
- Cadmium (Cd)
- Mercury (Hg)

Hexavalent Chromium (Cr)
 Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)
 Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)

Any trace impurities of these substances are below the threshold limits as specified by the RoHS directive; specifically  $Cr^{6r}$ , Hg, Pb, PBB, PBDE do not exceed 1000 ppm (0.1%) and Cd does not exceed 1000 ppm (0.01%). This declaration is based on our analysis, vendor supplied analysis, material certifications, or laboratory tests of the component materials used in the manufacturing of our products.

MATRIX believes to the best of its knowledge that the above statements are accurate as of the date of this certification and the statements and certifications of suppliers or service providers that MATRIX may have relied upon in the preparation of this statement. Within the above defined limitations this certificate may be relied upon by the distributors and customers of RoHS designated products of MATRIX. This certification is valid unless superseded by a revised certification at a later date.

### **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
Α	Jul 2020	Preliminary Datasheet Release
В	Mar 2021	Removed obsolete variants, added High Power variants
С	May 2021	Revised PRMT07, added Extended Range variants
D*	Feb 2022	Revised operating temperature limits, added 5V data



### Disclaimer

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